QUAID E AZAM PUBLIC COLLEGE Annual Examination March, 2014

Class: 7 th Subject: Social Studies Name:		Time: 30Minutes Max Marks: 20 Roll No:	
Invigilator:	Examiner:	Checker:	
Note: Cutting, erasing and ove Q. 1: Encircle the correct a	_		
1 is the mo	st common rock in Pakis	stan.	
(a) Cotton	(b) Wheat	(c) Salt	(d) Limestone
2. United Nation Enviro	onment Programme was	set up in	
(a) 1970	(b) 1973	(c) 1975	(d) 1980
3. The average height of	f Maldives above sea lev	vel is	
(a) 2.5 m	(b) 1.5 m	(c) 4.5 m	(d) 5.5 m
4. The average literacy	rate for women in Pakis	tan is about	
(a) 35 %	(b) 40 %	(c) 45 %	(d) 50 %
5. SAARC was set up i	n		
(a) 1980	(b) 1985	(c) 1990	(d) 1995
6. The infant mortality	rate for Italy is even low	er at	
(a) 10/1000	(b) 5/1000	(c) 15/1000	(d) 20/1000
7. The capital of Bhutar	n is		
(a) Dhaka	(b) Dehli	(c) Thimpu	(d) Male
8. The percentage of M	uslims in Pakistan is		
(a) 92.5 %	(b) 94.5 %	(c) 96.5 %	(d) 99.5 %
9. Haider Ali retired to	Arcot, where he died in		
(a) 1772	(b) 1775	(c) 1782	(d) 1785
10. Tipu Sultan signed th	ne treaty of Mangalore in	ı	
(a) 1780	(b) 1784	(c) 1788	(d) 1790 P.T.O

11 was th	e first viceroy after th	e war of independenc	e.	
(a) Lord Mayo	(b) Lord Canning	(c) Lord Lytton	(d) None of above	
12. The Indian National Congress was set up in				
(a) 1875	(b) 1880	(c) 1885	(d) 1890	
13. Sir Sayyed Khan became a judge in				
(a) 1846	(b) 1921	(c) 1924	(d) 1926	
14. MAO college became the Aligarh University in				
(a) 1915	(b) 1921	(c) 1924	(d) 1926	
15. The capital of Srilanka is				
(a) Dakha	(b) Colombo	(c) Thinpu	(d) Kathmandu	
16. The percentage of Panjabis in Pakistan is				
(a) 45 %	(b) 50 %	(c) 55 %	(d) 60 %	
17 are the things which a country buys from other countries.				
(a) Exports	(b) Imports	(c) a and b both	(d) none of above	
18. In April 2007 at the SAARC Summit Afghanistan became the eighth member country of SAARC.				
(a) 12 th	(b) 14 th	(c) 16 th	(d) 18 th	
19. More than of Pakistani's exports are agricultural goods.				
(a) 90 %	(b) 80 %	(c) 70 %	(d) 60 %	
20. Counting of people is called				
(a) population	(b) census	(c) statistics	(d) none of above	

The End